Relations Between Concurrent-Write Models of Parallel Computation

Faith Fich
Prabhakar Ragde
Avi Wigderson

Abstract

Shared memory models of parallel computation (e.g. parallel RAMs) that allow simultaneous read/write access are very natural and already widely used for parallel algorithm design. The various models differ from each other in the mechanism by which they resolve write conflicts. To understand the effect of these communication primitives on the power of parallelism, we extensively study the relationship between four such models that appear in the literature, and prove nontrivial separations and simulations results among them.