

Dynamic logic. Stage 1

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1 The seed

1. Basic p-classes:

- (a) E - class of elements
- (b) S - class of small sets

2. Basic p-constructions:

- (a) $c : E \times E \rightarrow E$ - concatenation
- (b) $\nu : S \rightarrow E$ - naming
- (c) $\eta : S \rightarrow \bar{S}E$

3. Basic properties:

- (a) c is a monomorphism
- (b) c is associative
- (c) ν is a monomorphism
- (d) η is a defining monomorphism
- (e) $\emptyset \in S$
- (f) Let $s : E \rightarrow \bar{S}E$ be the singleton map. Then $s(E) \subset S$.
- (g) Let $u : \bar{S}E \times \bar{S}E \rightarrow \bar{S}E$ be the union map. Then $u(S \times S) \subset S$.
- (h) Let $A \in S$ and $B \subset A$, then $A \in S$.
- (i) Let $A \in S$ and $2^A \in \bar{S}S$ the set of subsets of A . Then $\bar{S}\nu(2^A) \in S$.

2 Beginning of the story

Definition 2.1 [md1]

- 1. A set is an object of $\bar{S}E$
- 2. A small set is an object of S

Definition 2.2 [d2] Product construction is a morphism $\text{prod} : \bar{S}E \times \bar{S}E \rightarrow \bar{S}E$ defined as the composition

$$\bar{S}E \times \bar{S}E \rightarrow \bar{S}(E \times E) \xrightarrow{\bar{S}c} \bar{S}E$$

It is denoted by $(A, B) \mapsto A \times B$.

Lemma 2.3 [11] *The product construction is strictly associative i.e.*

$$\text{prod} \circ (\text{prod} \times \text{Id}_E) = \text{prod} \circ (\text{Id}_E \times \text{prod}).$$

Proof: ???

Definition 2.4 [md3] *An embedded pair of sets $(A \subset B)$ is an object of $\bar{S}E \times \bar{S}E$ which belongs to inclusion subobject $\text{Incl} \subset \bar{S}E\bar{S}E$.*

Definition 2.5 [md3] *A correspondence (between sets) is an object (A, B, ϕ) of $\bar{S}E \times \bar{S}E \times \bar{S}E$ which belongs to*

$$\text{Cor}\bar{S}E = (\text{prod} \times \text{Id}_{\bar{S}E})^{-1}(\text{Incl})$$

i.e. such that ϕ is a subset in $A \times B$.

Definition 2.6 [md4] *A map from a set A to a set B is an object of $\text{Maps}\bar{S}E \subset \text{Cor}\bar{S}E$ where $(A, B, \phi) \in \text{Maps}$ iff $\forall a \in A \exists ! b \in B$ such that $c(a, b) \in \phi$.*