## Math 114, Problem Set 2 (due Monday, September 23)

September 16, 2013

(1) Let  $S \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$  be a measurable set with  $\mu(S) < \infty$ , and let  $\epsilon > 0$  be a positive real number. Show that there exists a compact subset  $K \subseteq S$  such that

$$\mu(S) - \epsilon \le \mu(K) \le \mu(S).$$

- (2) Let X be a set and let  $\mathcal{M}$  be a  $\sigma$ -algebra of subsets of X. Suppose that  $m : \mathcal{M} \to [0, \infty]$  is a function satisfying the following axioms:
  - (a) The function m is finitely additive. That is, if  $S, T \subseteq X$  are disjoint sets belonging to  $\mathcal{M}$ , then  $m(S \cup T) = m(S) + m(T)$ .
  - (b) The function m is countably subadditive. That is, for every sequence of subsets  $S_0, S_1, S_2, S_3, \ldots \subseteq X$  which belong to  $\mathcal{M}$ , we have an inequality

$$m(\bigcup_{n\geq 0}S_n)\leq \sum_{n\geq 0}m(S_n).$$

Show that m is countably additive. That is, if  $S_0, S_1, S_2, \ldots \subseteq X$  is a sequence of pairwise disjoint subsets of X which belong to  $\mathcal{M}$ , show that  $m(\bigcup_{n>0} S_n) = \sum_{n>0} m(S_n)$ .

- (3) Let *E* be a subset of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Show that *E* is measurable if and only if  $\mu^*(B \cap E) + \mu^*(B \cap E^c) = \mu^*(B)$  for every open box  $B \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ .
- (4) Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function. Recall that f is differentiable at a point  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  if the expression  $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$  approaches a limit as  $h \to 0$ . Show that  $S = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid f \text{ is differentiable at } x\}$  is a Borel set.