

abstract

COMPUTER SCIENCE/DISCRETE MATH, I
Topic:

Speaker:

Affiliation:

Date:

Time/Room:

We study the multicommodity buy-at-bulk network design problem where the goal is to buy capacity on edges of a network so as to enable the demands between a given set of source-sink pairs to be routed - the objective is to minimize the cost of such a solution. The key aspect of this problem is that the cost of an edge in the graph is a concave monotone function of the flow cross the edge and hence exhibits economy of scale - it pays to aggregate flow paths as much as possible. In the non-uniform case, each edge has its own cost function, possibly different from other edges.

Special cases of this problem have been studied extensively. We present the first non-trivial approximation algorithm for the general case. Our algorithm is an extremely simple randomized greedy algorithm, involving not much more than shortest path computations. We achieve an approximation guarantee of $\exp(O(\sqrt{\log(n)\log(\log(n))}))$ where n is the total demand in the graph.

This is joint work with Moses Charikar