

## **abstract**

Computer Science/Discrete Mathematics Seminar II  
Topic:

Speaker:

Affiliation:

Date:

Time/Room:

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I will describe the very recent breakthrough result by Gupta, Kamath, Kayal and Saptharishi which shows that every polynomial  $P$  in  $n$  variables, of degree  $d$  which is polynomial in  $n$ , and which can be computed by a polynomial sized arithmetic circuit over the complex numbers, can be also computed by a \*depth 3\* arithmetic circuit of size sub exponential in  $d$ ; specifically size  $2^{\{\sqrt{d} \log n\}}$  (the actual paper gives a more precise bound depending on the degree of the polynomial and size of the arithmetic circuit).

In particular there exists a depth 3 arithmetic circuit computing the  $d$  by  $d$  determinant of size  $2^{\{\sqrt{d} \log d\}}$ .

Such results were previously shown for reduction to depth 4 arithmetic circuits, and it is totally remarkable (and prior to this totally unsuspected) that it is also true for reduction to depth 3 circuits.