

## abstract

[Video of this lecture](#) COMPUTER SCIENCE/DISCRETE MATH I

Topic:

Speaker:

Affiliation:

Date:

Time/Room:

---

How many edges of the  $n$ -dimensional Boolean hypercube can be sliced by a degree- $d$  polynomial surface? This question can be equivalently stated as "What is the maximum average sensitivity of any degree- $d$  polynomial threshold function?" In 1994 Gotsman and Linial posed this question and gave a conjectured answer: the symmetric function slicing the middle  $d$  layers of the Boolean hypercube has the highest average sensitivity of all degree- $d$  polynomial threshold functions.

We describe recent work that gives the first non-trivial upper bounds on average sensitivity of degree- $d$  polynomial threshold functions (PTFs), thus making progress toward the Gotsman-Linial conjecture. The conjecture itself remains open.

The talk will explain the main ideas behind our result and describe some of its applications. These include

- \* the first polynomial-time agnostic learning algorithm for degree- $d$  polynomial threshold functions (under the uniform distribution on the Boolean hypercube);
- \* the first subexponential-time learning algorithm for  $AC^0$  circuits augmented with arbitrary linear threshold gates; and
- \* low-weight approximators for degree- $d$  polynomial threshold functions.

Joint work with various subsets of Ilias Diakonikolas, Parikshit Gopalan, Prasad Raghavendra, Li-Yang Tan, Andrew Wan.